## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA

Alexandria Division

MICHAEL DRIGGS, et al.,	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	
V.	)	Case No. 1:23-cv-1124
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY,	)	
Defendant.	)	
ORI	DER	

The following deadlines shall govern the disposition of this case:

A PRETRIAL CONFERENCE pursuant to Rule 16, Fed. R. Civ. P., will be held on Wednesday, January 31, 2024 at 11:00 a.m. before the assigned U.S. Magistrate Judge. The parties shall confer prior to the Rule 16 conference (i) to consider the claims, defenses, possibilities of a prompt settlement or resolution of the case, and trial before the magistrate judge, (ii) to arrange for the disclosures required by Rule 26(a)(1), if any, and (iii) to develop a proposed plan to govern any interim deadlines. Absent good cause, no discovery will be permitted unless summary judgment fails to resolve this case. See Turner v. United States, 736 F.3d 274, 282 (4th Cir. 2013). The parties must file their proposed plan on or before the Wednesday preceding the Rule 16 conference.

All **DISPOSITIVE MOTIONS** must be filed on or before **Friday, March 29, 2024**. The deadlines for responses and replies are governed by local rule. The parties must notice a hearing on any dispositive motions for **Friday, April 26, 2024 at 10:00 a.m.** 

PERSONAL IDENTIFIERS MUST BE REDACTED FROM ALL PUBLICLY FILED PLEADINGS AND EXHIBITS IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL CIVIL RULE 7(C).

Alexandria, Virginia January <u>5</u>, 2024

Leonie M. Brinkema United States District Judge

All summary judgment issues shall be presented in the same pleading unless leave of court is first obtained. As required by Local Civil Rule 56, each brief in support of a motion for summary judgment must include a separately captioned section with the brief listing, in number-paragraph form, each material fact that the movant contends is undisputed with appropriate citations to the record. A brief in opposition to a motion for summary judgment must include a separately captioned section within the brief addressing, in numbered-paragraph form corresponding to the movant's section, each of the movant's enumerated facts and indicating whether the non-movant admits or disputes the fact with appropriate citations to the record. The Court may assume that any fact identified by the movant as undisputed in the movant's brief that is not specifically controverted in the non-movant's brief in the manner set forth above is admitted for the purpose of deciding the motion for summary judgment.