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MACSOG DOCUMENTATION STUDY (U)

APPENDIX A

SUMMARY OF MACSOG DOCUMENTATION STUDY

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2. (●) Basic Agreements Between DOD and CIA 1

The Study sets forth the basic agreements between DOD and CIA for the planning and conduct of covert/PM operations during the pre-MACSOG period. In particular, these agreements cover such matters as logistical support, and command and operational arrangements both during peace and war. 2
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3. (●) DOD Support of CIA (Covert/PM Operations) 7

In this subject area, the Study outlines chronologically the main support by DOD to CIA in the field of covert/PM operations during the pre-MACSOG period. This support is related to the basic agreements between DOD and CIA, referred to in the preceding paragraph. In this regard, DOD and the Joint Chiefs of Staff, in various directives, set forth a multitude of military responsibilities in the field of covert/PM operations during both peace and war. These responsibilities cover such matters as the provision by the DOD of materiel and personnel support to the CIA and the establishment within DOD of a point of contact which would enable the coordination of DOD support to CIA. In addition, this portion of the Study details the progressive assumption by DOD of certain CIA responsibilities in the field of covert/PM operations. Since the subject of intelligence was of particular importance, DOD also prescribed DIA's functional responsibilities in this area and that agency's relationship to SACSA and CIA. 8
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4. (●) DOD Organization for Covert/PM Actions 25

a. This section traces the evolution within DOD of the major organisational arrangements for handling covert/PM 26
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b. Except for the formation of the Special Group (5412)/
 303 Committee, the Washington-level organizational process
 largely began with the advent of the Kennedy administration
 (1961) and the organizational machinery it considered
 necessary for implementing the President's policies on Vietnam.
 Detailed in this section of the Study are the particulars
 concerning the establishment in the Office of the Secretary
 of Defense of an assistant to the Secretary of Defense whose
 responsibilities would cover such functional areas as
 Special Group (5412) matters and DCD-CIA relationships of
 special interest to the Secretary of Defense. Brigadier
 General Edward G. Lansdale, USAF, was designated as the
 Special Assistant and he functioned in that capacity from
 February 1961 until his office was disestablished in
 September 1963.

c. In March 1961, the Secretary of Defense authorized the
 establishment of a "small, secure staff element in the Joint
 Staff" for the processing of CIA requests for peacetime
 military support of covert operations. This staff element,
 named the Special Operations Division, was placed in the
 Directorate for Plans and Policy (J-5). With the increased
 emphasis and scope of counterinsurgency operations and
 subsidiary activities, the Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff
 directed the establishment of OSACSA effective 23 February
 1962. At that time, the Special Operations Division of J-5,
 complete with personnel and functions, was transferred to
 OSACSA.

d. With the disestablishment of General Lansdale's office,
 in September 1963, its functions which were to be continued

between OSACSA and DIA.

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d. With the disestablishment of General Lansdale's office, in September 1963, its functions which were to be continued were divided between OSACSA and DIA.

* JCS Memorandum, CM 560-60